

PIPE PROP

TESTING PROGRAM ACCORDING TO:	FM 1950-16
	Approval Stradard for Seismic Sway Braces for
	Automatic Sprinkler Systems

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this testing program was to provide data to substantiate performance capabilities of the Pipe Prop system *per ASCE 7-10 Section 1.3.1.3 Performance-Based Procedures.*

1.2 Scope of Testing

The scope of this testing program consisted of cyclic testing of the Pipe Prop system at three different lengths at a 90° angle (θ) pursuant to FM 1950-16.

1.3 Installation and Test Set-up

The Pipe Prop base was installed into a ridged steel mount using adhesive and steel rods supplied by the manufacturer. Additionally, clamps were used to secure the base to the steel mount. PVC pipe was cut to the desired length to meet the overall Pipe Prop specified test length measured from the surface of the steel mount to the center of a pipe affixed in the Pipe Prop sadle. A PVC pipe was inserted into the Pipe Prop base with the steel rod inside the PVC pipe was treated with a primer and glued. Steel ties supplied by the manufacturer were used to fix a pipe inside the Pipe Prop sadle. The system component tested product numbers for this program are: APS-1, MDA-HZ1, MDA-1000, and SSPP-14. More information is available in Appendix C. The fixing of PVC pipe utilized Oatey Purple Primer and Oatey Hot Medium Blue Lava PVC Cement.

2.0 TESTING PROGRAM

Table 2.0: FM 1950-16 Testing Program

Tested Length (in.)	No. of Tests	Initial Loading (lbf.)
31/2	3	200
6	3	75
8	3	45

3.0 FACILITIES AND TEST EQUIPMENT

3.1 General

All testing was performed at the CELC Testing Laboratory in Oakland, California. CELC is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by the International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS) for testing in accordance with FM 1950-16.

3.2 Cyclic Testing

The loading system is supported on an independent rigid frame. A closed loop hydraulic system consisting of a hydraulic ram actuator with integral load cell mounted on a large steel test frame was used to load the test. The 22-kip hydraulic actuator ram was controlled by a MTS 407 controller capable of applying the required load cycles. A PC-based data acquisition system

consisting of National Instruments DAQ hardware chassis and LabView testing software was used to record the data. Displacement was measured using a linear variable displacement transducer (LVDT).

The load cell and LVDTs were calibrated in accordance with the CELC quality system. LVDTs are calibrated in-house and load cells are calibrated by an independent calibration service with standards traceable to NIST. Calibration documentation is not included in this report since our calibrations are current and in accordance with our quality control procedures and IAS accreditation. Photographs of the test equipment and system configurations are provided in Appendix B.

4.0 TEST PROCEDURES

Testing was performed in accordance with FM 1950-16 section 4.2, Cyclic Testing (Component Testing). The force amplitude was manually adjusted upward for each load increment after the first 15 constant load cycles since the force control hardware was not capable of automatically following the FM 1950-16 force history profile. Frequency of the testing was 0.1 Hz.

Data was imported from the data acquisition system to an Excel computer file. Graphs were plotted for each replicate for displacement versus cycles, load versus cycles and load versus displacement. These graphs are provided in Appendix A for each individual test conducted. Displacement was recorded at the point of loading for all system configurations.

5.0 TEST RESULTS

Loads indicated in the below test result tables were taken from the cyclic peak just prior to failure of the system to be loaded to the FM 1950-16 Force Profile or exceedance of the deformation limit. The deformation limit for 90° installation angle is 1-in. The Nominal Strength (R_n) is the least of the three loads. The horizontal nominal strength (R_{Hn}) is $R_n*Sin(\theta)$.

Tested	Test No	Load	Displacement	Failura Mada	
Length		(lbf.)	(in)	Fanure Wode	
3 ¹ /2-in.	1	480	0.41	System Failure	
	2	754	0.54	System Failure	
	3	329	0.36	System Failure	
	Nominal Strength (R _n)	329			
	Horizontal Nominal Strength (R _{Hn})	329			

Table 5.0: Summary of Test Results for Pipe Prop at 90° installation angle

Tested	Test No	No Load Displace		Failure Mode	
Length	Test ive.	(lbf.)	(in)	Fanure Woue	
6-in.	1	197	0.89	Exceedance of Deformation Limit	
	2	197	0.94	Exceedance of Deformation Limit	
	3	140	0.97	Exceedance of Deformation Limit	
	Nominal Strength (R _n)	140			
	Horizontal Nominal Strength (R _{Hn})	140			

Table 5.1: Summary of Test Results for Pipe Prop at 90° installation angle

Table 5.2: Summary of Test Results for Pipe Prop at 90° installation angle

Tested	Test No	Load	Displacement	Failura Mada
Length	Test No.	(lbf.)	(in)	Failure Widde
8-in.	1	125	0.98	Exceedance of Deformation Limit
	2	129	0.95	Exceedance of Deformation Limit
	3	139	0.98	Exceedance of Deformation Limit
	Nominal Strength (R _n)	125		
	Horizontal Nominal Strength (R _{Hn})	125		

Test data files are provided in Appendix A.

6.0 DESIGN VALUES

Table 6.0 summarizes the design values per FM 1950-16. The strength reduction factor (ϕ) is 0.7 and the factor of safety (Ω) is 2.0.

Pipe Prop Length (in.)	Brace Orientation Angle (θ)	LRFD Value ¹	ASD Value ²
31/2	$\theta = 90^{\circ}$	230	165
6	$\theta = 90^{\circ}$	98	70
8	$\theta = 90^{\circ}$	88	63

 Table 6.0: Summary of Design Values

¹Calculated as $R_{Hn}^*\phi$.

 $^2Calculated as R_{Hn}\!/\Omega.$

7.0 CONCLUSION

<u>The performance values attained for the Pipe Prop system were tested and evaluated in</u> accordance with ANSI/FM 1950-16 per ASCE 7-10 Section 1.3.1.3 Performance-Based <u>Procedures.</u>

8.0 **REFERENCES**

<u>ANSI/FM Approvals, Norwood, MA: Class Number 1950 Approval Standard for Seismic Sway</u> <u>Braces for Automatic Sprinkler Systems, Februry 2016.</u>

ASCE. 2010. *Minimum Design loads for Buildings and Other Structures*. ASCE/SEI Standard 7-10.

International Organization for Standardization, Geneva Switzerland: ISO/IEC 17025, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories, May 15, 2005.

International Accreditation Service, Inc., Brea, CA: Testing Laboratory TL-173 (Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025).

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Appendix A Test Data Files

Contents:

- Test Data Sheet
- Force History Plots
- Displacement History Plots
- Load vs. Displacement Plots

Client:	JMB Industries
Product:	Pipe Prop
Project Name:	FM 1950-16
Project No:	50-53424-C

Installation Angle: 90 degrees

Test #	Test Date:	۴	Initial Load (Ibs)	Set-up Length (in)	Ultimate Load (lbs)	Failure Mode/Notes:
1	1/5/18	69	275	3.5	479	PVC pipe broke at the end of the metal insert
2	1/8/18	69	275	3.5	754	PVC pipe broke at the end of the metal insert
3	1/8/18	69	275	3.5	329	Saddle broke

Seismic Tested By: EG

LVDT: DT13 Load Cell: LM22 DAS: DA11



FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 3.5" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 1

No. of Cycles



FM 1950 - Force History



Load, lbf.

FM 1950 - Load vs. Displacement Pipe Prop 3.5" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 1

Displacement, in.





FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 3.5" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 2

Displacement, in.

No. of Cycles



Load, lbf.

FM 1950 - Load vs. Displacement Pipe Prop 3.5" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 2

Displacement, in.



FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 3.5" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 3

No. of Cycles







Load, lbf.

Displacement, in.

Client:	JMB Industries
Product:	Pipe Prop
Project Name:	FM 1950-16
Project No:	50-53424-C

Installation Angle: 90 degrees

Test #	Test Date:	۴	Initial Load (Ibs)	Set-up Length (in)	Ultimate Load (lbs)	Failure Mode/Notes:
1	12/8/17	69	315	6.0	187	PVC pipe broke at the end of the metal insert
2	1/4/18	69	315	6.0	179	PVC pipe broke at the end of the metal insert
3	1/4/18	69	315	6.0	160	Saddle came off the end of the PVC pipe

Seismic Tested By: EG

LVDT: DT13 Load Cell: LM22 DAS: DA11



FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 6.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 1

No. of Cycles



Load, Ibf.

FM 1950 - Force History Pipe Prop 6.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 1



FM 1950 - Load vs. Displacement Pipe Prop 6.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 1

Displacement, in.

Load, lbf.



No. of Cycles

FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 6.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 2

Displacement, in.







Displacement, in.



FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 6.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 3

Displacement, in.

No. of Cycles







Displacement, in.

Client:	JMB Industries
Product:	Pipe Prop
Project Name:	FM 1950-16
Project No:	50-53424-C

Installation Angle: 90 degrees

Test #	Test Date:	۴	Initial Load (Ibs)	Set-up Length (in)	Ultimate Load (lbs)	Failure Mode/Notes:	
1	12/20/17	69	315	8.0	126	PVC pipe broke at the end of the metal insert	
2	1/2/18	69	315	8.0	99	PVC pipe broke at the end of the metal insert	
3	1/2/18	69	315	8.0	117	PVC pipe broke at the end of the metal insert	

Seismic Tested By: EG

LVDT: DT13 Load Cell: LM22 DAS: DA11



FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 8.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 1

No. of Cycles









FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 8.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 2

No. of Cycles





Load, lbf.

FM 1950 - Load vs. Displacement Pipe Prop 8.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 2

Displacement, in.



FM 1950 - Displacement History Pipe Prop 8.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 3

No. of Cycles





FM 1950 - Load vs. Displacement Pipe Prop 8.0" (steel insert & steel ties) Test 3

Displacement, in.

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Appendix B Photographs

Contents:

• Example Test Set-up and Failure Photos

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Example Test Set-up $3^{1}/_{2}$ -in. test length



Example Test Set-up 8-in. test length

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Example Failure 8-in. test length



Example Failure 6-in. test length

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Appendix C Cut Sheet

	<u>APS-1</u> Includes: 1-Saddle (1 1/2") 1-Base 1-Nylon Strap		
	<u>APS-2</u> Includes: 1-Saddle (2 1/2") 1-Base 1-Nylon Strap		
	USPP Includes: 1-Saddle 1-Base 2-Self Locking Straps	5	
		-	MDA-HZ1 Steel Insert If necessary
Pipe Pac	P TADA ALTACSIVE	1-7	MDA-1000 Fube Adhesive



Model APS-1 accommodates up to 1½-inch pipe.

Model APS-2 accommodates from 1½-inch to 2½-inch pipe.

The US-PP serves pipes up to 1.5" in width or smaller and allows you to determine your own height using 3/4" Schedule 40 PVC Electrical Conduit (cut required).

According to The Plastics Web[®], ASA, formally known as Acrylonitrile Styrene Acrylate, has "great toughness and rigidity, good chemical resistance and thermal stability, outstanding resistance to weather, aging, and yellowing, and high gloss." Not only is ASA flame retardant, but it is also weather resistant, heat resistant and UV ray resistant, making it one of the top choices in plastics.